

# Certicom AMI 7000

Revolutionizing AMI Security

Improve operational security with robust and flexible solutions for utilities.

Certicom's **Advanced Metering Infrastructure** (AMI) series 7000 appliances are a turn-key system that improves operational security with flexible solutions. The 7000 series provides a secure layer between the utility head-end and the meter via high-speed encryption and key management.

Certicom is the world leader in **elliptic curve cryptography** (ECC) selected by NSA to secure classified government communications as it provides the highest security per bit. This allows the AMI 7000 series to provide un-paralled security with minimum network overhead. Such security is critical when deploying millions of meters which are two-way capable and can send meter data to the utility as well as receive other commands from the utility.



## Improve security.

- Prevent false commands and replay attacks triggering load shed.
- Prevent counterfeit meters and devices from utilizing the network.
- Prevent eavesdropping and malicious infiltration of metering network.
- Comply with ANSI C12.22 and NERC/FERC Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) requirements.
- Deploy millions of devices with a future proof technology, suitable for an in-service life of 20-30 years.

*"Certicom's infrastructure offers unparalleled network and metering system security, further enhancing our energy management and measurement technologies as we work toward development of the Smart Grid".*

**Ross Vanos, VP Marketing at Itron**

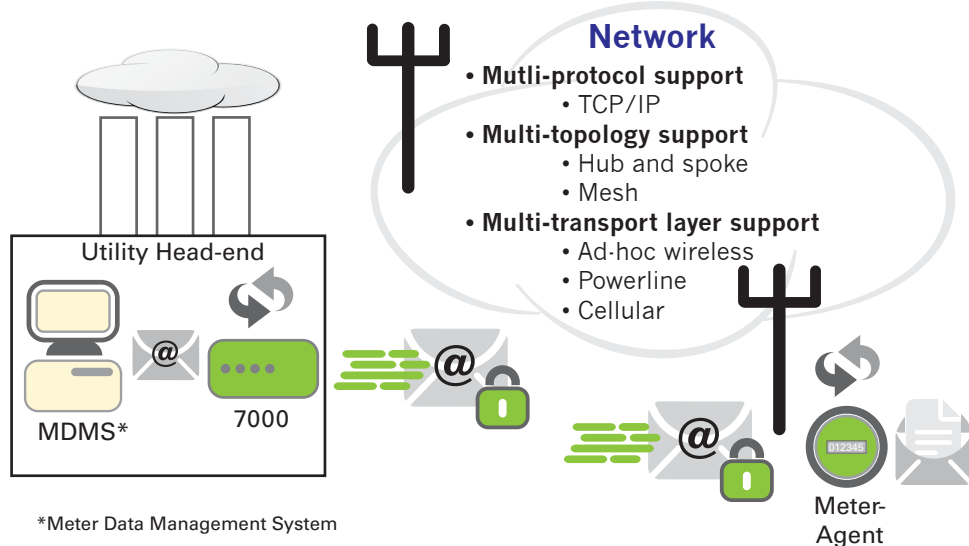
## Improve costs.

- Outsource manufacturing and installation of meters.
- Broadcast commands to individual meters, groups of meters, or all meters.
- Reduce cost and risk at the utility head-end in terms of operating and backing up systems. Also, eases outsourcing such systems to third parties.
- Eliminate risk of system wide key exposure and need to store a symmetric key for every meter at the head-end.

*"Remember the days when meters were in people's basements and in some cases, customers would provide utilities a copy with a key to their front door, in which case, utilities had to store the keys in a vault and put in place strict controls and procedures to ensure the sanctity of the key. Storing a distribution of symmetric keys is very analogous".*

**Industry Executive**

A turnkey solution consisting of secure, scalable and production hardened appliances for the head-end and light-weight software agent for the meter.



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Lightweight, ironclad security.

## Why ECC?

- ECC offers highest security per bit of any PKI system
- At NIST recommended security levels RSA keys are 9X to 12X larger than ECC keys of equivalent strength (e.g. 256 bit ECC vs. 3072 bit RSA)
- ECC binary curves at 283 bits are deemed secure until 2030

## Proven

- ECC deployed on over 50 million handheld devices
- AMI 7000 deployed at a number of utilities including SDG&E and SCE
- ECC is the only public key cryptosystem endorsed by the US government for use past 2010

## Lightweight

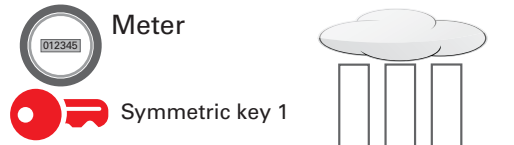
- minimal impact on network bandwidth and overhead as ECC provides the highest security per bit, a light weight infrastructure:
- **At the home**, the meter agent, is small and lightweight, ideal for low-power microprocessors. As a reference point, ECC is part of the ZigBee Smart Energy profile, which runs on even smaller, lower-power, battery operated devices
- **At the utility head-end**, a single rack of equipment can support millions of meters

# Advanced Meter Infrastructure 7000

## Why PKI?

### Key Management: Symmetric Key

#### Case 1: Same key for each meter



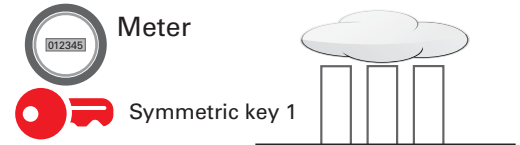
- Symmetric key is common to all meters and the head-end
- Can't provide non-repudiation as everyone has the same key
- If any device is compromised and key is copied, the entire network is compromised

#### Check list

- non-repudiation
- high security posture
- outsource flexibility
- operational flexibility
- mitigate risk



#### Case 2: Different key for each meter



- Each meter has a different key. Head-end has to maintain a list of ALL keys, which must be kept confidential
- Limited non-repudiation as there are two copies of each key

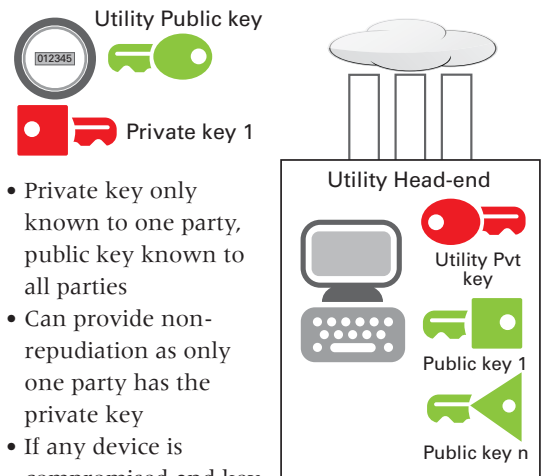
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### vs. Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) ECC

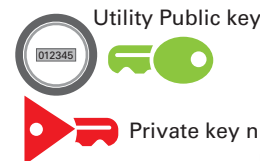
- ▼ PKI enables secure key agreement schemes to establish pairwise shared secrets suitable for symmetric cryptography
  - Keys are generated in pairs; a **"private"** key and a corresponding **"public"** key
- ▼ The private key is only known to one entity which uses it to:
  - Sign messages that can be verified by any entity using the corresponding public key
- ▼ All messages from the utility head-end are signed using its private key (to which only it has access). These digital signatures, used with utility's public key provide receiving meters:
  - Authentication - message as coming from utility
  - Data-integrity - high assurance the message hasn't been modified
  - Non-repudiation - meters have ability to demonstrate it acted appropriately on a utility sent message
- ▼ Utility head-end can send signed messages not only to individual meters, but, to groups of meters, or, even all meters
- ▼ Authenticated meter enrollment with secure over the air (OTA) key provisioning and updates
  - ▼ PKI is widely used in a number of applications including internet web browsers (SSL/TLS)
- ▼ Strong technical controls at the meter head-end:
  - critical system keys protected by hardened security appliances
  - strong two-factor authentication and logging to protect system access



- Private key only known to one party, public key known to all parties
- Can provide non-repudiation as only one party has the private key
- If any device is compromised and key copied, only that device is compromised

#### Check list

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